



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager to Support Remote SIP Endpoints - Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager.

The Ingate SIParator is a SIP session border controller (SBC) that manages and protects the flow of SIP signaling and related media across an untrusted network. The compliance testing focused on telephony scenarios between remote SIP endpoints connected to an enterprise site across an untrusted network.

Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services (SES) and Avaya Communication Manager.

The Ingate SIParator is a SIP session border controller (SBC) that manages and protects the flow of SIP signaling and related media across an untrusted network. The compliance testing focused on telephony scenarios between remote SIP endpoints connected to an enterprise site across an untrusted network.

1.1. Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows various remote SIP endpoints connected to an enterprise site across an untrusted network. The main site has a Juniper Networks Netscreen-50 firewall at the edge of the network restricting unwanted traffic between the untrusted network and the enterprise. Also connected to the edge of the main site is a SIParator SBC. The public side of the SIParator is connected to the untrusted network and the private side is connected to the trusted corporate LAN. The SIParator could also reside in the demilitarized zone (DMZ) of the enterprise but this configuration was not tested.

All SIP traffic between the remote endpoints and the enterprise site flows through the SIParator. In this manner, the SIParator can protect the main site's infrastructure from any SIP-based attacks. The voice communication across the untrusted network uses SIP over UDP and RTP for the media streams. All non-SIP traffic bypasses the SIParator and flows directly between the untrusted network and the private LAN of the enterprise if permitted by the data firewall.

Connected to the corporate LAN at the main site is an Avaya SES and an Avaya S8300 Server running Avaya Communication Manager in an Avaya G700 Media Gateway. Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix is also running on the Avaya S8300 Server. Both SIP and non-SIP endpoints are included. An ISDN-PRI trunk connects the media gateway to the PSTN.

Remote SIP endpoints include Avaya 4600 Series IP Telephones running SIP firmware. Some of the telephones were located behind a router/firewall performing network address translation (NAT) while others were not. The remote SIP endpoints use the SIParator as their call server. The SIParator in turn registers to the Avaya SES on behalf of the remote endpoints using its own private IP address. Thus, the SIParator appears to the Avaya SES as a set of SIP endpoints. All SIP endpoints both internal and remote use the same SIP domain: *business.com*. All IP endpoints use the main enterprise site's TFTP/HTTP server to obtain their configuration files.

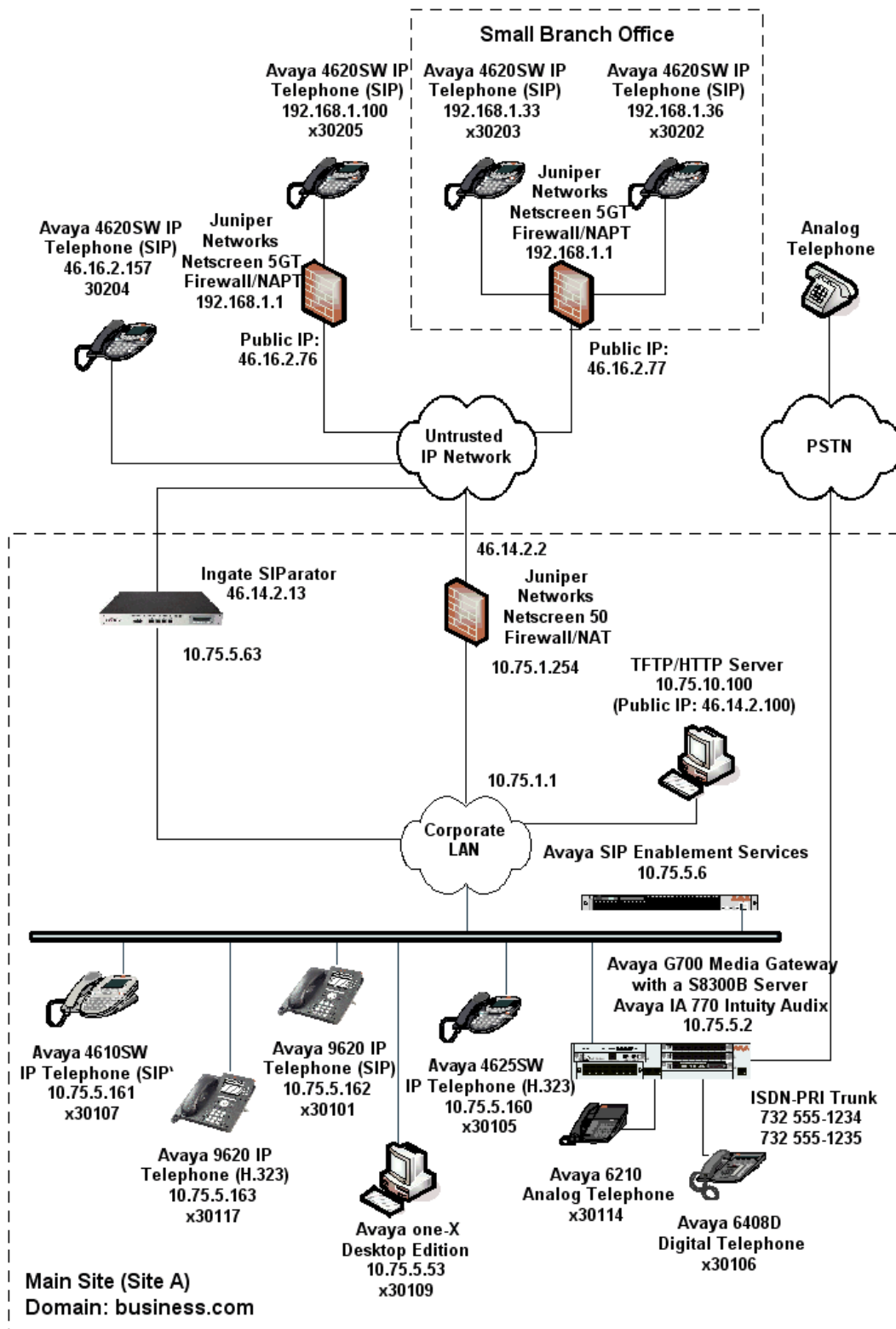


Figure 1: SIP Remote Access Test Configuration

2. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software/firmware were used for the sample configuration:

Equipment	Software/Firmware
Avaya S8300B Server with Avaya G700 Media Gateway Avaya IA 770 Intuity Audix	Avaya Communication Manager 5.0 Service Pack (R015x.00.0.825.4-15175)
Avaya S8500 Server	Avaya SIP Enablement Services 5.0
Avaya 4625SW IP Telephones (H.323)	H.323 version 2.8.3
Avaya 4610SW IP Telephone (SIP) Avaya 4620SW IP Telephones (SIP)	SIP version 2.2.2
Avaya 9620 IP Telephones (H.323)	Avaya one-X Deskphone Edition 1.5
Avaya 9620 IP Telephones (SIP)	Avaya one-X Deskphone Edition SIP 2.0.3
Avaya one-X Desktop Edition (SIP)	2.1 Service Pack 2
Avaya 6408D Digital Telephone	-
Avaya 6210 Analog Telephone	-
Analog Telephone	-
Windows PCs (TFTP/HTTP Server)	Windows XP Professional SP 2
Juniper Networks Netscreen-50	5.4.0r9.0
Ingate SIParator QoS Module (optional)	4.6.2 with patch ig-patch-4-6-2-media_stream_linger_2.fup

3. Configure Avaya Communication Manager

This section describes the Avaya Communication Manager configuration at the main site to support the network shown in **Figure 1**. It assumes the procedures necessary to support SIP and connectivity to Avaya SES have been performed as described in [3]. It also assumes that an off-PBX station (OPS) has been configured on Avaya Communication Manager for each internal SIP endpoint in the configuration as described in [3] and [4]. The configuration of the remote SIP endpoints is shown in **Section 3.2**.

This section is divided into two parts. **Section 3.1** will summarize the user-defined parameters used in the installation procedures that are important to understanding the solution as a whole. It will not attempt to show the installation procedures in their entirety. It will also describe any deviations from the standard procedures, if any.

Section 3.2 will describe procedures beyond the initial SIP installation procedures that are necessary for interoperating with the SIParator. This includes the configuration of the remote SIP endpoints.

The configuration of Avaya Communication Manager was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). After the completion of the configuration, perform a **save translation** command to make the changes permanent.

3.1. Summary of Initial SIP Installation

This section summarizes the applicable user-defined parameters used during the SIP installation procedures.

Step	Description
1.	<p>IP network region The Avaya S8300 Server, Avaya SES and IP (H.323/SIP) endpoints were located in a single IP network region (IP network region 1) using the parameters described below. Use the display ip-network-region command to view these settings. The example below shows the values used for the compliance test.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Authoritative Domain: <i>business.com</i> This field was configured to match the domain name configured on Avaya SES. This name will appear in the “From” header of SIP messages originating from this IP region. ▪ Name: <i>Default</i> Any descriptive name may be used. ▪ Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: <i>yes</i> Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: <i>yes</i> By default, IP-IP direct audio (media shuffling) is enabled to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form. ▪ Codec Set: <i>1</i> The codec set contains the set of codecs available for calls within this IP network region. This includes SIP calls since all necessary components are within the same region. <pre style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin-top: 20px;"> display ip-network-region 1 Page 1 of 19 IP NETWORK REGION Region: 1 Location: Authoritative Domain: business.com Name: Default MEDIA PARAMETERS Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes Codec Set: 1 Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes UDP Port Min: 2048 IP Audio Hairpinning? n UDP Port Max: 3329 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS RTCP Reporting Enabled? y Call Control PHB Value: 46 RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS Audio PHB Value: 46 Use Default Server Parameters? y Video PHB Value: 26 802.1P/Q PARAMETERS Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6 Audio 802.1p Priority: 6 Video 802.1p Priority: 5 AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS H.323 IP ENDPOINTS RSVP Enabled? n H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20 Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5 Keep-Alive Count: 5 </pre>

Step	Description
2.	<p>Codecs</p> <p>IP codec set 1 was used for the compliance test. Multiple codecs were listed in priority order to allow the codec used by a specific call to be negotiated during call establishment. The list includes the codecs the enterprise wishes to support within the normal trade-off of bandwidth versus voice quality. The example below shows the values used in the compliance test. It should be noted that when testing the use of each individual codec, only the codec under test was included in the list.</p> <div data-bbox="316 478 1416 766" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <pre> display ip-codec-set 1 Page 1 of 2 IP Codec Set Codec Set: 1 Audio Silence Frames Packet Codec Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms) 1: G.711MU n 2 20 2: G.729AB n 2 20 3: </pre> </div>

Step	Description
3.	<p>Signaling Group</p> <p>For the compliance test, signaling group 1 was used for the signaling group associated with the SIP trunk group between Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SES. Signaling group 1 was configured using the parameters highlighted below. All other fields were set as described in [3].</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Near-end Node Name: <i>procr</i> This node name maps to the IP address of the Avaya S8300 Server. Node names are defined using the change node-names ip command. ▪ Far-end Node Name: <i>SES</i> This node name maps to the IP address of Avaya SES. ▪ Far-end Network Region: <i>1</i> This defines the IP network region which contains Avaya SES. ▪ Far-end Domain: <i>business.com</i> This domain is sent in the “To” header of SIP messages of calls using this signaling group. ▪ Direct IP-IP Audio Connections: <i>y</i> This field must be set to <i>y</i> to enable media shuffling on the SIP trunk. <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <pre> display signaling-group 1 SIGNALING GROUP Group Number: 1 Group Type: sip Transport Method: tls Near-end Node Name: procr Far-end Node Name: SES Near-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Domain: business.com Far-end Network Region: 1 Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y IP Audio Hairpinning? n Enable Layer 3 Test? n Session Establishment Timer(min): 3 </pre> </div>

Step	Description
<p>4.</p>	<p>Trunk Group</p> <p>For the compliance test, trunk group 1 was used for the SIP trunk group between Avaya Communication Manager and Avaya SES. Trunk group 1 was configured using the parameters highlighted below. All other fields were set as described in [3].</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Signaling Group: 1 This field is set to the signaling group shown in the previous step. ▪ Number of Members: 10 This field represents the number of trunks in the SIP trunk group. It determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by the configuration. Each SIP call between two SIP endpoints (whether internal or external) requires two SIP trunks for the duration of the call. Thus, a call from a SIP telephone to another SIP telephone will use two SIP trunks. A call between a non-SIP telephone and a SIP telephone will only use one trunk. <div data-bbox="316 657 1417 978" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <pre> display trunk-group 1 Page 1 of 21 TRUNK GROUP Group Number: 1 Group Type: sip CDR Reports: y Group Name: SES Trk Grp COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: 101 Direction: two-way Outgoing Display? n Dial Access? n Night Service: Queue Length: 0 Service Type: tie Auth Code? n Signaling Group: 1 Number of Members: 10 </pre> </div>
<p>5.</p>	<p>Trunk Group – continued</p> <p>On Page 3:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Verify the Numbering Format field is set to <i>public</i>. This field specifies the format of the calling party number sent to the far-end. ▪ The default values may be retained for the other fields. <div data-bbox="316 1239 1401 1635" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <pre> display trunk-group 1 Page 3 of 21 TRUNK FEATURES ACA Assignment? n Measured: none Maintenance Tests? y Numbering Format: public UII Treatment: service-provider Replace Unavailable Numbers? n Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y </pre> </div>

Step	Description
6.	<p>Public Unknown Numbering Public unknown numbering defines the calling party number to be sent to the far-end. An entry was created for the trunk group defined in Step 4. In the example shown below, all calls originating from a 5-digit extension beginning with 3 and routed across any trunk group (Trk Grp column is blank) will be sent as a 5 digit calling number. This calling party number is sent to the far-end in the SIP "From" header.</p> <pre data-bbox="316 441 1404 640"> change public-unknown-numbering 0 Page 1 of 2 NUMBERING - PUBLIC/UNKNOWN FORMAT Ext Ext Trk CPN Total Len Code Grp(s) Prefix CPN Len Total Administered: 2 5 3 5 Maximum Entries: 240 </pre>

3.2. Configure SIParator Specific Configuration

This section describes the specific procedures necessary for interfacing to the SIParator to support remote endpoints. This involves the creation of OPS stations on Avaya Communication Manager for each remote endpoint supported by the SIParator. For interoperability, IP-IP Direct Audio (media shuffling) must be disabled for calls passing through the SIParator. This section will describe how to configure Avaya Communication Manager so that media shuffling will only be disabled on calls to the SIParator.

Step	Description
1.	<p>IP Network Region For Remote Users</p> <p>A separate IP network region was created for the remote endpoints. It is configured the same as the IP network region described in Section 3.1, Step 1, except a different descriptive name is used for the Name field and both Intra-region and Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio is set to <i>no</i>.</p> <pre data-bbox="329 403 1419 974"> change ip-network-region 3 Page 1 of 19 IP NETWORK REGION Region: 3 Location: Authoritative Domain: business.com Name: Remote Users MEDIA PARAMETERS Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: no Codec Set: 1 Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: no UDP Port Min: 2048 IP Audio Hairpinning? n UDP Port Max: 3329 DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS RTCP Reporting Enabled? y Call Control PHB Value: 46 RTCP MONITOR SERVER PARAMETERS Audio PHB Value: 46 Use Default Server Parameters? y Video PHB Value: 26 802.1P/Q PARAMETERS Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6 Audio 802.1p Priority: 6 Video 802.1p Priority: 5 AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS H.323 IP ENDPOINTS RSVP Enabled? n H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20 Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5 Keep-Alive Count: 5 </pre>
2.	<p>IP Network Region For Remote Users - Continued</p> <p>On Page 3, the codec set used between region 3 and region 1 was selected to be codec set 1. Default values were used for all other parameters. This is the same codec set used for intra-region calls in both regions 3 and 1 (See Section 3.1, Step 1). Optionally, a different codec set could have been chosen for inter-region calls.</p> <pre data-bbox="316 1234 1416 1503"> change ip-network-region 3 Page 3 of 19 Inter Network Region Connection Management src dst codec direct WAN-BW-limits Video Dyn rgn rgn set WAN Units Total Norm Prio Shr Intervening-regions CAC IGAR 3 1 1 y NoLimit 3 2 3 3 1 3 4 </pre>

Step	Description
<p>3.</p>	<p>Signaling Group A second signaling group was created for the remote endpoints. It has the same properties as the signaling group described in Section 3.1, Step 3, except the Far-end Network Region is set to 3 and the Direct IP-IP Audio Connections field is set to <i>no</i>.</p> <pre> change signaling-group 11 Page 1 of 1 SIGNALING GROUP Group Number: 11 Group Type: sip Transport Method: tls Near-end Node Name: procr Far-end Node Name: SES Near-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Listen Port: 5061 Far-end Network Region: 3 Far-end Domain: business.com Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n DTMF over IP: rtp-payload Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? n IP Audio Hairpinning? n Enable Layer 3 Test? n Session Establishment Timer(min): 3 </pre>
<p>4.</p>	<p>Trunk Group A second trunk group was created for the remote endpoints. It has the same properties as the trunk group described in Section 3.1, Step 4, except the Signaling Group field is set to 11. In Step 8, the remote SIP endpoints will be mapped to use this trunk group which has media shuffling disabled.</p> <pre> change trunk-group 11 Page 1 of 21 TRUNK GROUP Group Number: 11 Group Type: sip CDR Reports: y Group Name: Ingate remote users COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: 111 Direction: two-way Outgoing Display? y Dial Access? n Night Service: Queue Length: 0 Service Type: tie Auth Code? n Signaling Group: 11 Number of Members: 10 </pre>

Step	Description
5.	<p>Stations</p> <p>Each remote endpoint must have a station created for it in the same manner as an internal enterprise endpoint. The example below shows the creation of one of the remote endpoints – extension 30204. The Type field was set to match the type of telephone used - 4620. The Port field was set to IP. The Name field can be set to any descriptive name. The remote endpoints had Coverage Path 1 set to 1. This coverage path pointed to voicemail. The configuration of the coverage path and voicemail are beyond the scope of these Application Notes.</p> <pre data-bbox="316 514 1421 1039"> add station 30204 Page 1 of 5 STATION Extension: 30204 Lock Messages? n BCC: 0 Type: 4620 Security Code: TN: 1 Port: IP Coverage Path 1: 1 COR: 1 Name: Remote SIP3 Coverage Path 2: COS: 1 Hunt-to Station: STATION OPTIONS Loss Group: 19 Time of Day Lock Table: Speakerphone: 2-way Personalized Ringing Pattern: 1 Display Language: english Message Lamp Ext: 30204 Survivable GK Node Name: Mute Button Enabled? y Survivable COR: internal Expansion Module? n Survivable Trunk Dest? y Media Complex Ext: IP SoftPhone? n Customizable Labels? y </pre>

Step	Description
6.	<p>Stations - Continued On Page 2, the Bridged Call Alerting field was set to y. This will allow this endpoint to ring on a bridged call for another endpoint. The Restrict Last Appearance field was set to n, so that the last call appearance can be used for either an inbound or outbound call.</p> <pre> add station 30204 Page 2 of 5 STATION FEATURE OPTIONS LWC Reception: spe Auto Select Any Idle Appearance? n LWC Activation? y Coverage Msg Retrieval? y LWC Log External Calls? n Auto Answer: none CDR Privacy? n Data Restriction? n Redirect Notification? y Idle Appearance Preference? n Per Button Ring Control? n Bridged Idle Line Preference? n Bridged Call Alerting? y Restrict Last Appearance? n Active Station Ringing: single EMU Login Allowed? n H.320 Conversion? n Per Station CPN - Send Calling Number? Service Link Mode: as-needed Multimedia Mode: enhanced MWI Served User Type: Display Client Redirection? n AUDIX Name: Select Last Used Appearance? n Coverage After Forwarding? s Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y Emergency Location Ext: 30204 Always Use? n IP Audio Hairpinning? n </pre>
7.	<p>Stations - Continued On Page 4, under BUTTON ASSIGNMENTS, three call appearances (call-appr) were created. In addition, some features tested during the compliance test require button assignments on the station form. This included Conference On Answer (no-hld-cnf) and Automatic Callback (auto-cback).</p> <pre> add station 30204 Page 4 of 5 STATION SITE DATA Room: Headset? n Jack: Speaker? n Cable: Mounting: d Floor: Cord Length: 0 Building: Set Color: ABBREVIATED DIALING List1: List2: List3: BUTTON ASSIGNMENTS 1: call-appr 5: no-hld-cnf 2: call-appr 6: auto-cback 3: call-appr 7: 4: 8: </pre>

Step	Description																																													
<p>8.</p>	<p>Off-PBX station mapping</p> <p>All SIP endpoints, including the remote SIP endpoints, are configured as OPS stations on Avaya Communication Manager. Thus, they require a mapping between the station extension and the Phone Number and Trunk used to reach the SES. In the example below, the station extension 30204 is listed as an OPS station that is mapped to phone number 30204 via trunk 11. (The phone number in this case refers to the user name defined on the Avaya SES – Section 4.2, Step 1). The remote endpoints are mapped to trunk group 11 because media shuffling has been disabled on this trunk group. Default values are used for all other fields.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="316 550 1416 735"> <tr> <td colspan="6">change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping 30204</td> <td>Page</td> <td>1 of</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="9">STATIONS WITH OFF-PBX TELEPHONE INTEGRATION</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Station</td> <td>Application</td> <td>Dial</td> <td>CC</td> <td>Phone Number</td> <td>Trunk</td> <td>Config</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extension</td> <td></td> <td>Prefix</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Selection</td> <td>Set</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>30204</td> <td>OPS</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>30204</td> <td>11</td> <td>1</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> </table>	change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping 30204						Page	1 of	2	STATIONS WITH OFF-PBX TELEPHONE INTEGRATION									Station	Application	Dial	CC	Phone Number	Trunk	Config			Extension		Prefix			Selection	Set			30204	OPS		-	30204	11	1		
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30204	OPS		-	30204	11	1																																								
<p>9.</p>	<p>Off-PBX station mapping - Continued</p> <p>On Page 2, station extension 30204 has a Call Limit set to 3 to match the number of call appearances in Step 7. Mapping Mode and Bridged Calls are set to both to receive both incoming and outgoing calls. Default values are used for all other fields.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="316 957 1416 1142"> <tr> <td colspan="6">change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping 30204</td> <td>Page</td> <td>2 of</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="9">STATIONS WITH OFF-PBX TELEPHONE INTEGRATION</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Station</td> <td>Call</td> <td>Mapping</td> <td>Calls</td> <td>Bridged</td> <td>Location</td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Extension</td> <td>Limit</td> <td>Mode</td> <td>Allowed</td> <td>Calls</td> <td></td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>30204</td> <td>3</td> <td>both</td> <td>all</td> <td>both</td> <td></td> <td colspan="3"></td> </tr> </table>	change off-pbx-telephone station-mapping 30204						Page	2 of	2	STATIONS WITH OFF-PBX TELEPHONE INTEGRATION									Station	Call	Mapping	Calls	Bridged	Location				Extension	Limit	Mode	Allowed	Calls					30204	3	both	all	both				
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Station	Call	Mapping	Calls	Bridged	Location																																									
Extension	Limit	Mode	Allowed	Calls																																										
30204	3	both	all	both																																										

4. Configure Avaya SIP Enablement Services

This section covers the configuration of Avaya SES at the main site. Avaya SES is configured via an Internet browser using the administration web interface. It is assumed that the Avaya SES software and the license file have already been installed on the server. During the software installation, an installation script is run from the Linux shell of the server to specify the IP network properties of the server along with other parameters. In addition, it is assumed that the setup screens of the administration web interface have been used to initially configure Avaya SES. For additional information on these installation tasks, refer to [5].


Each SIP endpoint used in the compliance test that registers with Avaya SES requires that a user and media server extension be created on Avaya SES. The creation of users and media server extensions for the internal enterprise SIP endpoints are not covered here. These procedures are covered in [5]. The creation of users and media server extensions for the remote SIP endpoints are covered in **Section 4.2**.


This section is divided into two parts. **Section 4.1** will summarize the user-defined parameters used in the installation procedures that are important to understanding the solution as a whole. It will not attempt to show the installation procedures in their entirety. It will also describe any deviations from the standard procedures, if any.

Section 4.2 will describe procedures beyond the initial SIP installation procedures that are necessary for interoperating with the SIParator. This includes configuration of the remote SIP endpoints.

4.1. Summary of Initial Configuration Parameters

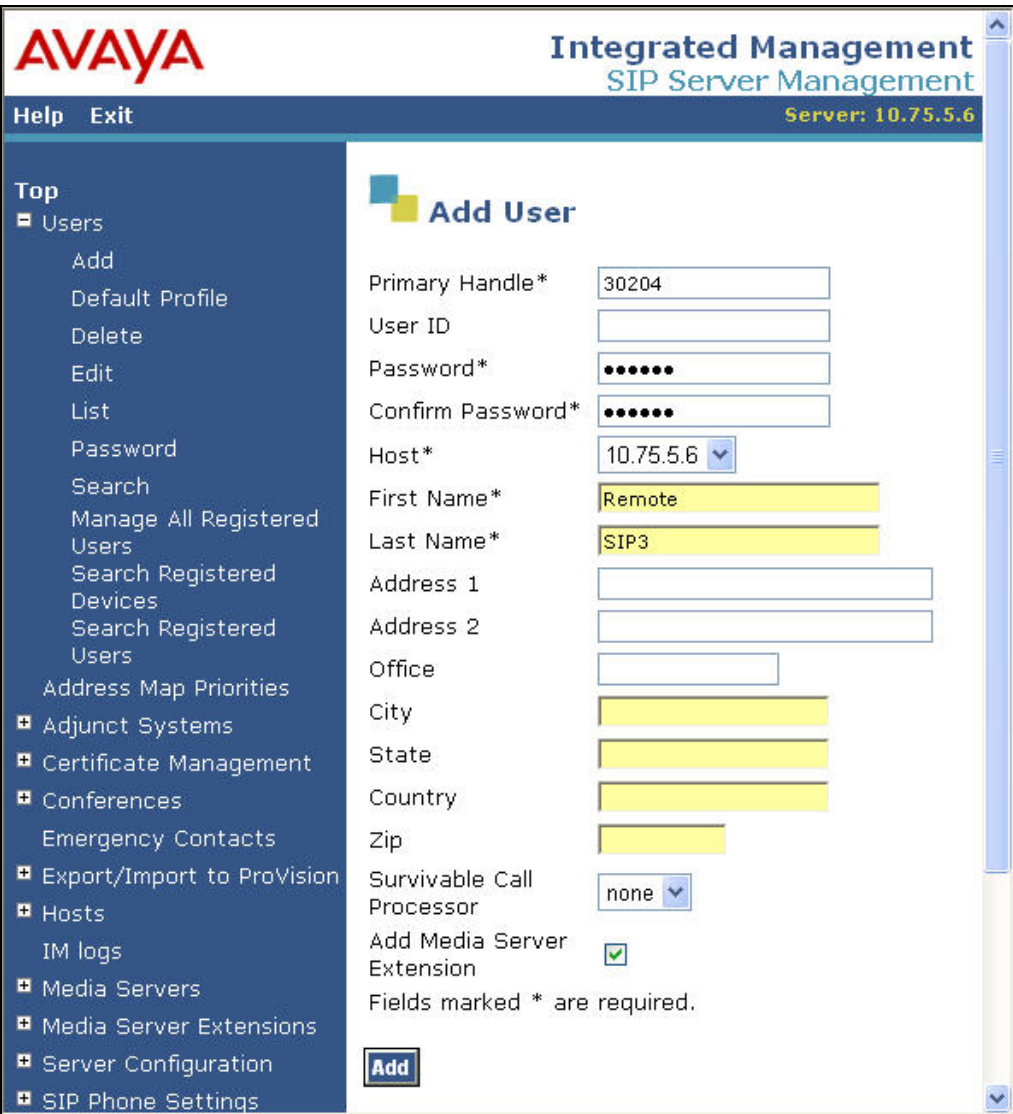
This section summarizes the applicable user-defined parameters used during the SIP installation procedures.


Step	Description
1.	<p>Login</p> <p>Access the Avaya SES administration web interface by entering <a href="http://<ip-addr>/admin">http://<ip-addr>/admin as the URL in an Internet browser, where <ip-addr> is the IP address of the Avaya SES server.</p> <p>Log in with the appropriate credentials and then select the Launch Administration Web Interface link from the main page as shown below.</p> 

Step	Description
2.	<p>Top Page The Avaya SES Top page will be displayed as shown below.</p> 
3.	<p>Initial Configuration Parameters As part of the Avaya SES installation and initial configuration procedures, the following parameters were defined. Although these procedures are out of the scope of these Application Notes, the values used in the compliance test are shown below for reference. After each group of parameters is a brief description of how to view the values for that group from the Avaya SES administration home page shown in the previous step.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SIP Domain: <i>business.com</i> (To view, navigate to Server Configuration→System Parameters) • Host IP Address (SES IP address): <i>10.75.5.6</i> • Host Type: <i>SES combined home-edge</i> (To view, navigate to Host→List; click Edit) • Media Server (Avaya Communication Manager) Interface Name: <i>CMeast</i> • SIP Trunk Link Type: <i>TLS</i> • SIP Trunk IP Address (Avaya S8300 Server IP address): <i>10.75.5.2</i> (To view, navigate to Media Server→List; click Edit)

4.2. SIParator Specific Configuration

This section describes additional Avaya SES configuration necessary for interoperating with the SIParator. In particular, this section describes the configuration of a user and media server extension for each of the remote SIP endpoints that will be registered to the Avaya SES by the SIParator.

Step	Description
1.	<p>Users</p> <p>Each remote SIP endpoint must have a user created for it on the Avaya SES in the same manner as an internal enterprise endpoint. The example below shows the creation of user 30204. The Primary Handle is set to the station extension created in Section 3.2, Step 5. Enter a password to be used to authenticate this user. Enter any descriptive name for the First Name and Last Name fields. Check the box Add Media Server Extension.</p> 

Step	Description
<p>2.</p>	<p>Media Server Extension After a confirmation screen (not shown), the following screen appears. In the extension field, enter the Avaya Communication Manager extension created in Section 3.2, Step 5.</p> 
<p>3.</p>	<p>Repeat Steps 1 – 2 for all remote SIP endpoints.</p>

5. Configure the Avaya SIP Telephones

The SIP telephones at the enterprise site will use the local Avaya SES as the call server. The remote SIP endpoints will use the public IP address of the SIParator. The table below shows an example of the SIP telephone network settings for different types of endpoints.

	Main Site	Remote Endpoint without NAT	Remote Endpoint with NAT
Extension	30107	30204	30203
IP Address	10.75.5.161	46.16.2.157	192.168.1.33
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Router	10.75.5.1	46.16.2.1	192.168.1.1
File Server	10.75.10.100	46.14.2.100	46.14.2.100
DNS Server	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0
SIP Domain	business.com	business.com	business.com
Call Server or SIP Proxy Server	10.75.5.6	46.14.2.13	46.14.2.13

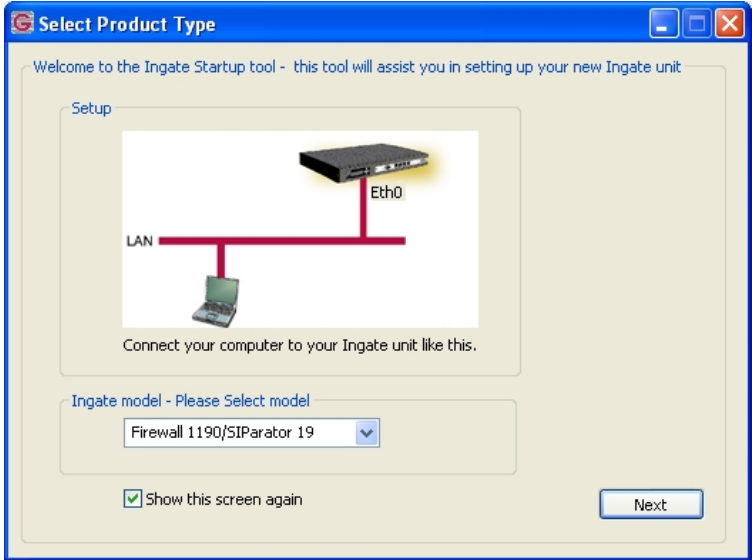
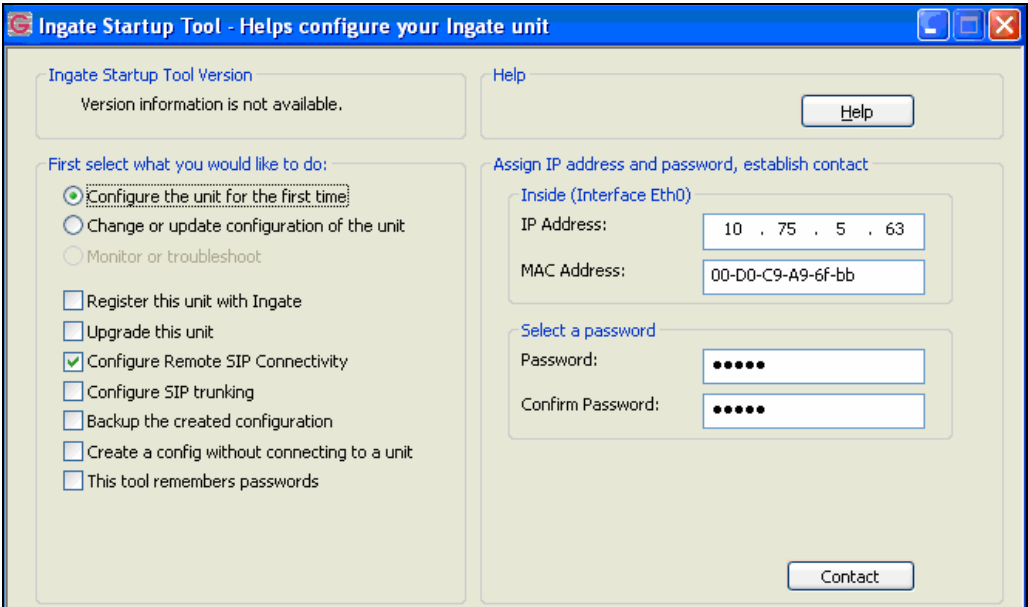
6. Configure the Ingate SIParator

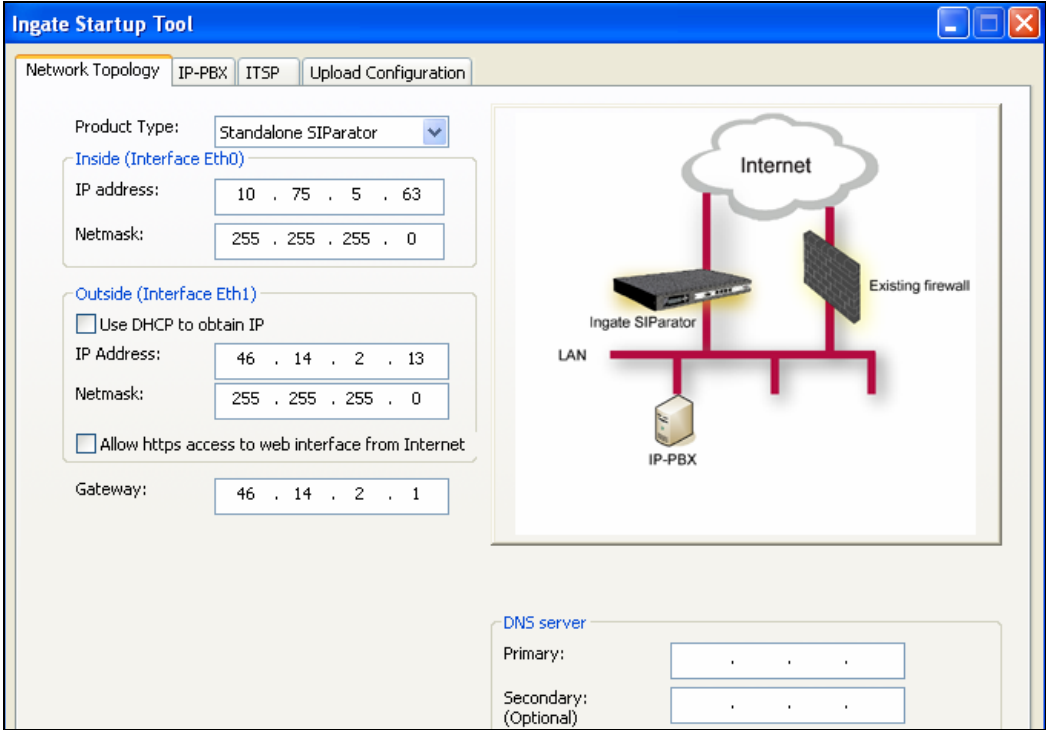
This section describes the configuration of the Ingate SIParator. To support the setting of the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) bits for quality of service, the QoS module must be installed and requires additional licensing.

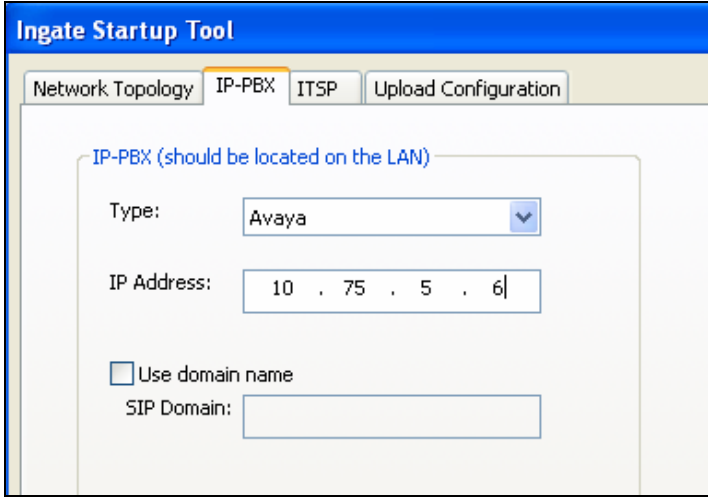
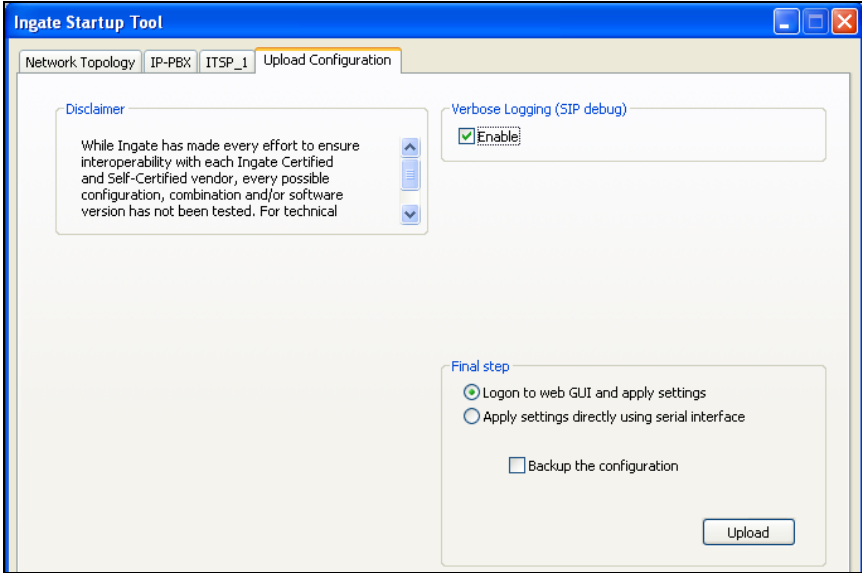
The SIParator is configured initially with the Ingate Startup Tool. Based on the provided input, the Startup Tool will create an initial configuration that can be uploaded to the SIParator. The results of this configuration can then be viewed or expanded using the SIParator web interface. To access the web interface, enter the IP address of the SIParator as the destination address in a web browser. When prompted for login credentials, enter an appropriate user name and password.

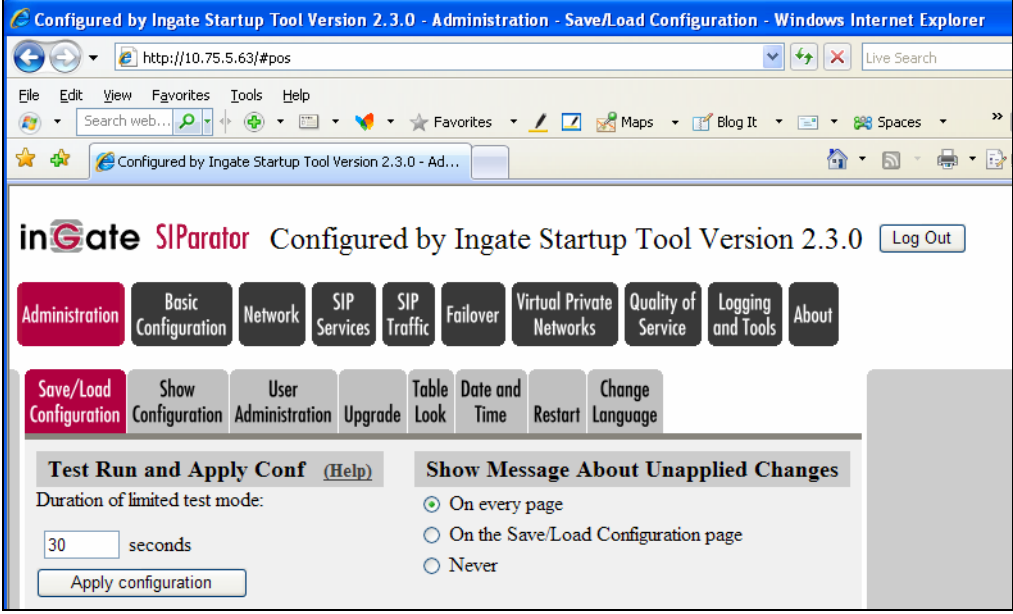
Much of the detailed SIP configuration is not visible from the Startup Tool but is driven by the type of IP-PBX and Service Provider chosen in the Startup Tool. The detailed SIP configuration resulting from the following procedure is captured in **Appendix A** for reference.

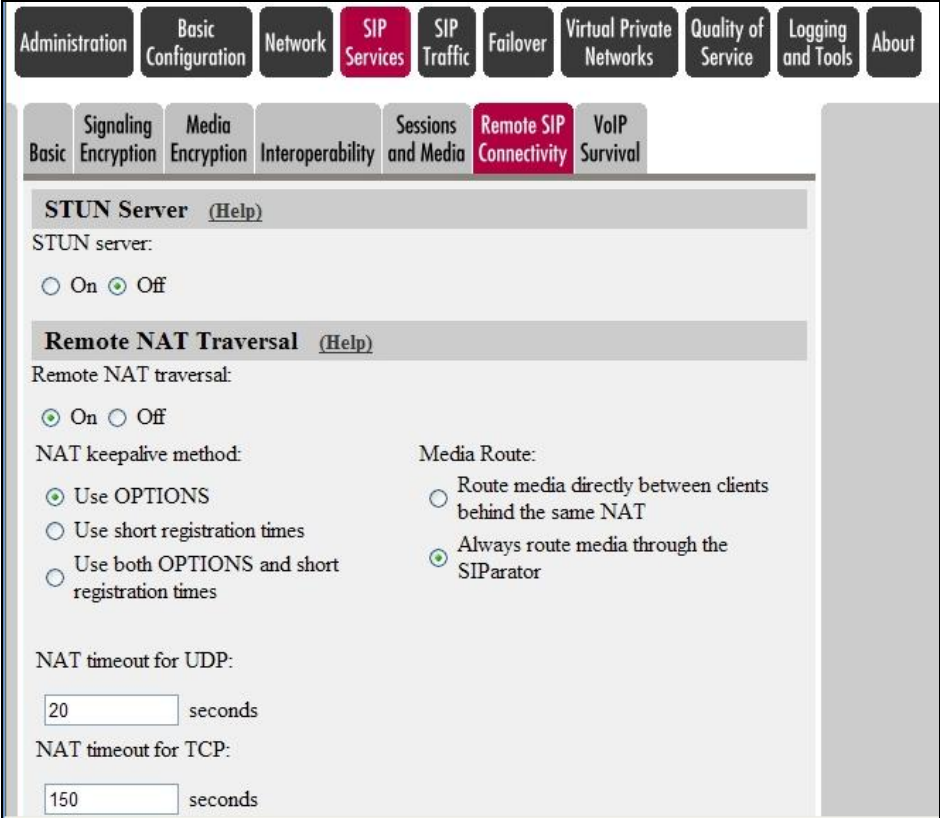
Step	Description
1.	Launch Startup Tool The Ingate Startup Tool is a Windows application which is launched from the Windows Start Menu by navigating to Start→All Programs→Shortcut to StartupTool.exe .

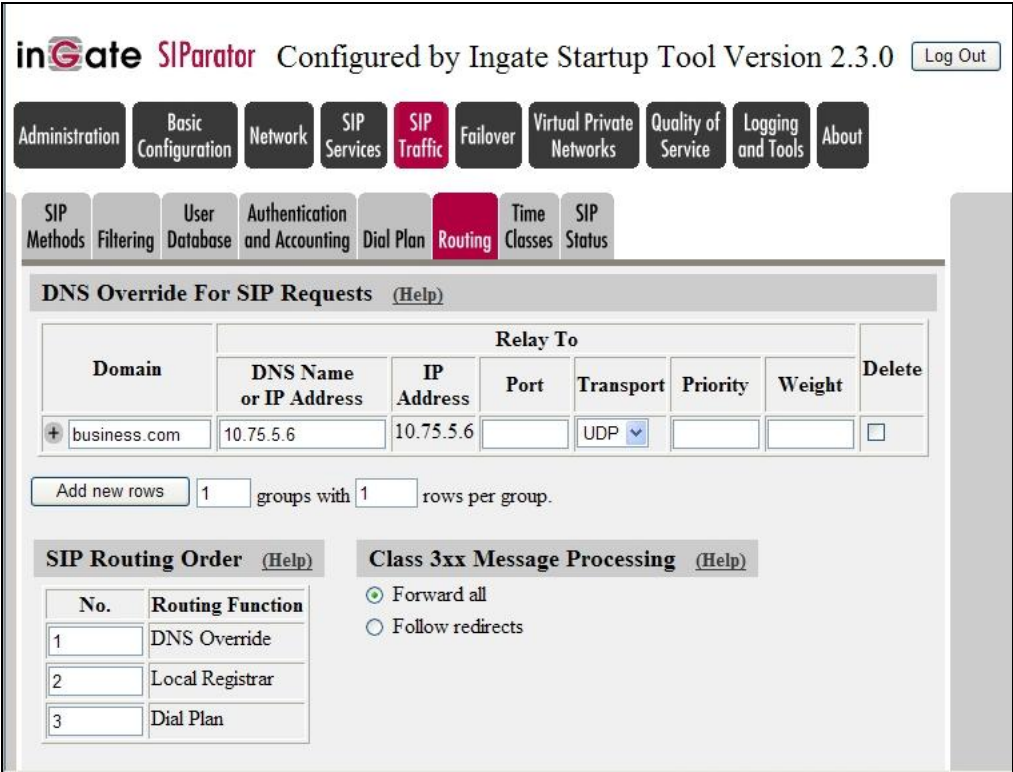
Step	Description
2.	<p>Select Product Type</p> <p>The initial Ingate Startup Tool screen is shown below. Verify the PC is running on the same LAN subnet as the SIParator as shown in the diagram. This is necessary in order to assign the initial IP address to the SIParator from the Startup Tool. Select the SIParator model from the Ingate model drop-down menu. Click the Next button.</p> 
3.	<p>Select Configuration Options and Assign Private IP</p> <p>Select options for Configure the unit for the first time and Configure Remote SIP Connectivity. Enter the inside IP address, MAC address and a password. Click the Contact button to establish a connection to the SIParator. For future updates, click the option - Change or update configuration of the unit.</p> 

Step	Description
4.	<p>Network Topology</p> <p>After connecting to the SIParator, the following page appears. Select the Network Topology tab. Select <i>Standalone SIParator</i> from the Product Type drop-down menu. Enter an IP address and subnet mask for both the inside and outside interfaces as shown in Figure 1. The Gateway field is set to the IP address of the default gateway on the public side of the SIParator. A DNS server was not used for the compliance test so the DNS server values were left blank.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the 'Ingate Startup Tool' window with the 'Network Topology' tab selected. The 'Product Type' is set to 'Standalone SIParator'. The 'Inside (Interface Eth0)' section has IP address '10 . 75 . 5 . 63' and Netmask '255 . 255 . 255 . 0'. The 'Outside (Interface Eth1)' section has 'Use DHCP to obtain IP' unchecked, IP Address '46 . 14 . 2 . 13', Netmask '255 . 255 . 255 . 0', and 'Allow https access to web interface from Internet' unchecked. The 'Gateway' field is '46 . 14 . 2 . 1'. The 'DNS server' section has 'Primary' and 'Secondary (Optional)' fields left blank. A network diagram on the right shows an 'Ingate SIParator' connected to an 'Internet' cloud, an 'Existing firewall', and a local 'LAN' containing an 'IP-PBX'.</p>

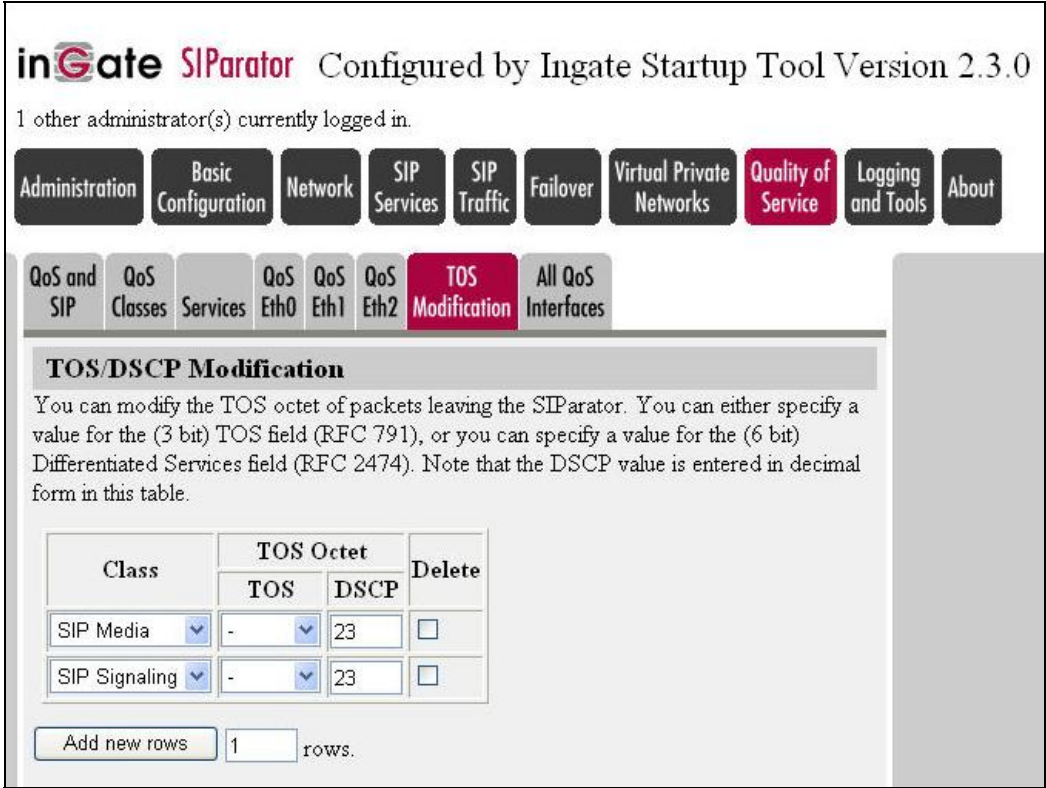
Step	Description
5.	<p>IP-PBX Settings</p> <p>Select the IP-PBX tab. Select Avaya from the Type drop-down menu. This will instruct the Startup Tool to configure the SIP parameters on the internal interface to be compatible with the Avaya SES. Enter the Avaya SES IP address in the IP Address field.</p> 
6.	<p>Upload Configuration</p> <p>Select the Upload Configuration tab to upload the configuration to the SIParator. Click the Upload button to begin the upload.</p> 

Step	Description
7.	<p>Apply Configuration</p> <p>After uploading the configuration, the Startup Tool opens a web browser to the Administration→Save/Load Configuration page of the SIParator. Click the Apply configuration button to apply the configuration. The Startup Tool configuration is complete at this point. However, additional configuration was required to support all the test cases in the compliance test. This configuration is performed using the SIParator web interface and is covered in the remaining steps.</p> 

Step	Description
8.	<p>Enable NAT Traversal</p> <p>To support remote endpoints that may reside behind NAT devices, NAT traversal must be enabled on the SIParator. Navigate to SIP Services → Remote SIP Connectivity, under Remote NAT Traversal click the On radio button.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the configuration page for SIP Services. The 'Remote SIP Connectivity' sub-tab is active. Under the 'Remote NAT Traversal' section, the 'On' radio button is selected. The 'NAT keepalive method' is set to 'Use OPTIONS'. The 'Media Route' is set to 'Always route media through the SIParator'. The 'NAT timeout for UDP' is set to 20 seconds, and the 'NAT timeout for TCP' is set to 150 seconds.</p>

Step	Description
9.	<p>DNS Override</p> <p>In the compliance test, no DNS server was used. However, the remote SIP endpoints were configured with the domain <i>business.com</i> and sent SIP requests using this domain. As a result, the SIParator was configured to map this domain to the IP address of the Avaya SES. The example below illustrates this mapping on the SIP Traffic → Routing page.</p> <p>Alternatively, this same result can be achieved using the Startup Tool by clicking the Use domain name box and entering the domain name in Step 5. By doing this, the same DNS Override entry is created as shown below and this step can be omitted.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the inGate SIParator interface. At the top, it says 'inGate SIParator Configured by Ingate Startup Tool Version 2.3.0' with a 'Log Out' button. Below this is a navigation bar with buttons for Administration, Basic Configuration, Network, SIP Services, SIP Traffic (highlighted), Failover, Virtual Private Networks, Quality of Service, Logging and Tools, and About. Underneath is another set of buttons: SIP Methods, Filtering, User Database, Authentication and Accounting, Dial Plan, Routing (highlighted), Time Classes, and SIP Status. The main content area is titled 'DNS Override For SIP Requests (Help)'. It contains a table with columns: Domain, DNS Name or IP Address, IP Address, Port, Transport, Priority, Weight, and Delete. There is one row with the following values: business.com, 10.75.5.6, 10.75.5.6, (empty), UDP, (empty), (empty), and a delete checkbox. Below the table are input fields for 'Add new rows' (set to 1) and 'groups with' (set to 1) rows per group. At the bottom, there are two sections: 'SIP Routing Order (Help)' with a table showing three functions: 1. DNS Override, 2. Local Registrar, and 3. Dial Plan; and 'Class 3xx Message Processing (Help)' with two radio button options: 'Forward all' (selected) and 'Follow redirects'.</p>

Step	Description																		
10.	<p>Configure Static Routes</p> <p>In order to support endpoints on networks within the enterprise other than the subnet to which the SIParator is directly connected, a static route must be configured on the internal interface. In the case of the compliance test, one endpoint was located on the 10.75.10.0/24 network. Thus, to view the static route configured for this network, navigate to Network→Eth0. Scroll down to the Static Routing section. In this case, the routed network with Network Address 10.75.10.0 and Netmask of 255.255.255.0 is reached using Router IP address 10.75.5.1.</p> <div data-bbox="360 510 1386 1837" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px;"> <p>The screenshot shows the inGate SIParator web interface. At the top, it says 'inGate SIParator Configured by Ingate Startup Tool Version 2.3.0' with a 'Log Out' button. Below that, it indicates '1 other administrator(s) currently logged in.' There are several navigation tabs: Administration, Basic Configuration, Network (selected), SIP Services, SIP Traffic, Failover, Virtual Private Networks, Quality of Service, Logging and Tools, and About. Under the Network tab, there are sub-tabs for Networks and Computers, Default Gateways, All Interfaces, VLAN, Eth0 (selected), Eth1, Eth2, Interface Status, PPPoE, and Surroundings. The main content area is divided into three sections: General, Obtain IP Address Dynamically, and Speed and Duplex. The General section shows the physical device as 'eth0', the interface is 'On', and the interface name is 'inside'. The Obtain IP Address Dynamically section has radio buttons for OFF (selected), DHCP client ON, and PPPoE client ON. The Speed and Duplex section has radio buttons for Automatic negotiation (selected), 100 Mbit/s full duplex, 100 Mbit/s half duplex, 10 Mbit/s full duplex, and 10 Mbit/s half duplex. Below these sections is the 'Directly Connected Networks' table:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>DNS Name or IP Address</th> <th>IP Address</th> <th>Netmask / Bits</th> <th>Network Address</th> <th>Broadcast Address</th> <th>VLAN Id</th> <th>VLAN Name</th> <th>Delete</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>inside</td> <td>10.75.5.63</td> <td>10.75.5.63</td> <td>255.255.255.0</td> <td>10.75.5.0</td> <td>10.75.5.255</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Below the table is an 'Add new rows' button and a '1 rows' indicator. The next section is 'Alias', which shows a range of '10.75.5.1-10.75.5.254' and a table with columns for Name, DNS Name or IP Address, IP Address, and Delete. The final section is 'Static Routing', which shows a table with columns for Routed Network (DNS Name or Network Address, Network Address, Netmask / Bits) and Router (DNS Name or IP Address, IP Address), along with a Delete column. The table contains one row: Routed Network: 10.75.10.0, 10.75.10.0, 255.255.255.0; Router: 10.75.5.1, 10.75.5.1. At the bottom of the interface, there are 'Save', 'Undo', and 'Look up all IP addresses again' buttons, and a footer with the inGate logo and page information: 'Page generated for 'admin' 2008-04-02 05:17:44 +0000. Ingate SIParator 4.6.2. Copyright © 2008 Ingate Systems AB.'</p> </div>	Name	DNS Name or IP Address	IP Address	Netmask / Bits	Network Address	Broadcast Address	VLAN Id	VLAN Name	Delete	inside	10.75.5.63	10.75.5.63	255.255.255.0	10.75.5.0	10.75.5.255		-	<input type="checkbox"/>
Name	DNS Name or IP Address	IP Address	Netmask / Bits	Network Address	Broadcast Address	VLAN Id	VLAN Name	Delete											
inside	10.75.5.63	10.75.5.63	255.255.255.0	10.75.5.0	10.75.5.255		-	<input type="checkbox"/>											

Step	Description
11.	<p>Quality of Service</p> <p>In order to set the Type of Service (TOS) or DSCP bits, the optional QoS module must first be installed. To set the values for these bits, navigate to Quality of Service → TOS modification. In the case of the compliance test, both the SIP media and SIP signaling packets were marked with a DSCP value of 23 (decimal).</p> 

7. Interoperability Compliance Testing

This section describes the compliance testing used to verify the interoperability of the Ingate SIParator with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager to support remote SIP endpoints. This section covers the general test approach and the test results.

7.1. General Test Approach

The general test approach was to make calls between the remote SIP endpoints and the main site using various codec settings and exercising common PBX features.

7.2. Test Results

The SIParator passed compliance testing. The following features and functionality were verified. Any observations related to these tests are listed at the end of this section.

- Successful registrations of remote endpoints to the main site.
- Calls between the remote SIP endpoints and the main site.

- G.711MU and G.729AB codec support
- Proper recognition of DTMF transmissions by navigating voicemail menus.
- Proper operation of voicemail with message waiting indicators (MWI).
- PBX features including Hold, Transfer, Call Waiting, Call Forwarding and Conference.
- Extended telephony features using Avaya Communication Manager Feature Name Extensions (FNE) such as Call Park, Call Pickup, Automatic Callback and Send All Calls. For more information on FNEs, please refer to [4].
- Proper system recovery after a SIParator restart and loss of IP connection.

The following observations were made during the compliance test.

- IP-IP Direct Audio (media shuffling) must be disabled for calls passing through the SIParator. See **Section 3.2**.
- For interoperability with the 4600 Series IP Telephones as remote SIP endpoints, the SIParator requires the software update *ig-patch-4-6-2-media_stream_linger_2.fup* on software version 4.6.2.
- The Conference On Answer and Drop Last Party FNEs are not supported.

8. Verification Steps

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration:

- From the Avaya Communication Manager SAT, use the **status signaling-group** command to verify that the SIP signaling group is in-service.
- From the Avaya Communication Manager SAT, use the **status trunk-group** command to verify that the SIP trunk group is in-service.
- From the Avaya SES web administration interface, verify that all endpoints are registered with the local Avaya SES. To view, navigate to **Users→Registered Users**.
- Verify that calls can be placed between the remote SIP endpoints and the main site.

9. Support

For technical support on the SIParator, contact Ingate via the support link at www.ingate.com.

10. Conclusion

The Ingate SIParator passed compliance testing. These Application Notes describe the procedures required to configure the Ingate SIParator to interoperate with Avaya SIP Enablement Services and Avaya Communication Manager to support remote SIP endpoints shown in **Figure 1**.

11. Additional References

- [1] *Feature Description and Implementation For Avaya Communication Manager*, Doc # 555-245-205, Issue 6.0, January 2008.
- [2] *Administrator Guide for Avaya Communication Manager*, Doc # 03-300509, Issue 4, January 2008.
- [3] *SIP support in Avaya Communication Manager Running on Avaya S8xxx Servers*, Doc # 555-245-206, Issue 8, January 2008.
- [4] *Avaya Extension to Cellular and Off-PBX Station (OPS) Installation and Administration Guide Release 3.0*, version 6.0, Doc # 210-100-500, Issue 9, June 2005
- [5] *Installing and Administering SIP Enablement Services*, Doc# 03-600768, Issue 5, January 2008.
- [6] *Avaya IA 770 INTUITY AUDIX Messaging Application Release 5.0, Administering Communication Manager Servers to Work with IA 770*, January 2008.
- [7] *Ingate SIParator Getting Started Guide*.
- [8] *Ingate SIParator Reference Guide*.

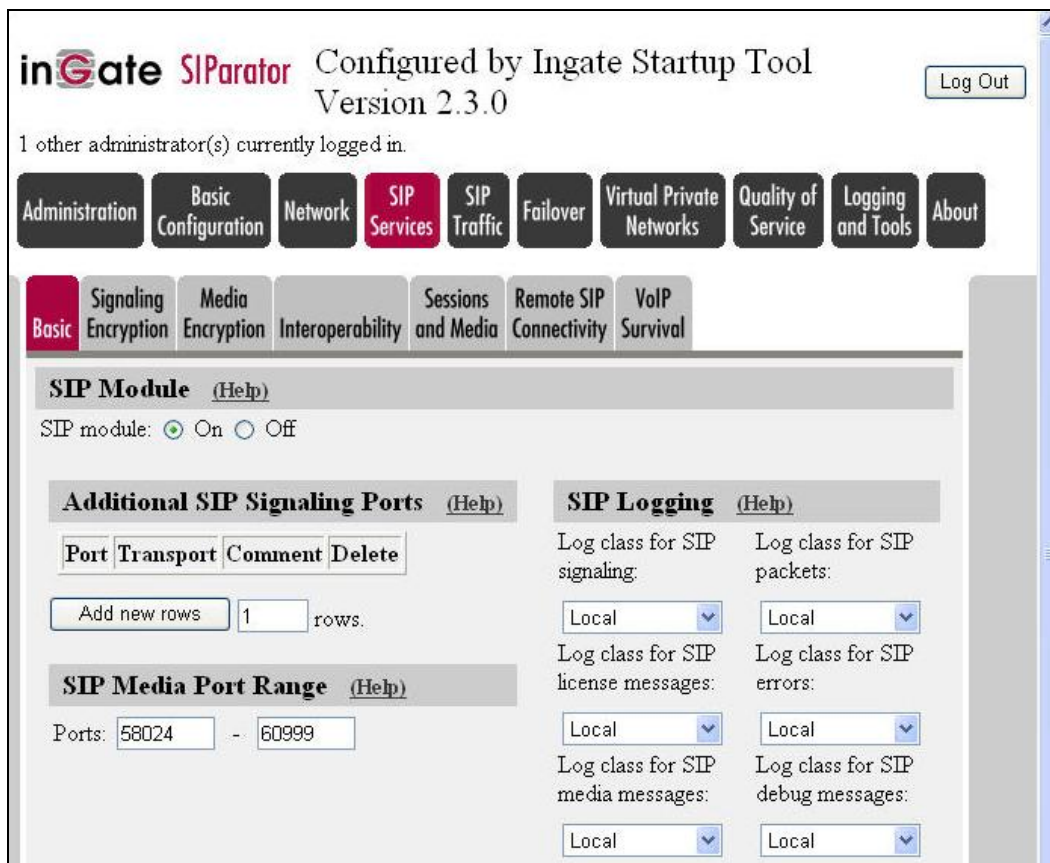
Product documentation for Avaya products may be found at <http://support.avaya.com>.

Product documentation for the SIParator can be obtained from Ingate. Contact Ingate using the contact link at <http://www.ingate.com>.

Appendix A: SIParator SIP Configuration

This section contains the key SIP configuration screens resulting from the procedure described in **Section 6** using the Ingate Startup Tool. These screens are included only as a reference with minimal explanation.

SIP Services → Basic Page



SIP Traffic → Filtering Page

In the **Proxy Rules** section, **Process all** is selected. In the **Content Types** section, the first entry in the table allows all content types (*/*) to be processed.

The screenshot shows the InGate SIPParator web interface. At the top, it says "inGate SIPParator Configured by Ingate Startup Tool Version 2.3.0" and has a "Log Out" button. Below that, it indicates "1 other administrator(s) currently logged in." A navigation menu includes "Administration", "Basic Configuration", "Network", "SIP Services", "SIP Traffic" (highlighted), "Failover", "Virtual Private Networks", "Quality of Service", "Logging and Tools", and "About".

Under the "SIP Traffic" menu, there are sub-menus: "SIP Methods", "Filtering" (highlighted), "User Database", "Authentication and Accounting", "Dial Plan", "Routing", "Time Classes", and "SIP Status".

The main content area is divided into three sections:

- Proxy Rules (Help)**: Contains a table with columns "No.", "From Network", "Action", and "Delete". Below the table is an "Add new rows" button and a text input "1" followed by "rows.". To the right is a "Default Policy For SIP Requests" section with three radio buttons: "Process all" (selected), "Local only", and "Reject all".
- Header Filter Rules (Help)**: Contains a table with columns "No.", "From Header", "To Header", "Action", and "Delete". Below the table is an "Add new rows" button and a text input "1" followed by "rows.". To the right is a "Default Header Filter Policy" section with two radio buttons: "Process" (selected) and "Reject".
- Content Types (Help)**: Contains a table with columns "Edit", "Content Type", "Allow", and "Delete".

Edit	Content Type	Allow	Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>	*/*	On	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	application/SOAP+xml	Off	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	application/adrl+xml	Off	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	application/atom+xml	Off	<input type="checkbox"/>

SIP Services → Interoperability Page

For Avaya SES interoperability, the SIParator was configured to allow REFER messages without requiring angle brackets around the question mark in the Refer-To header. See the option setting under **Relaxed Refer-To** in the example below.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for inGate SIParator, version 2.3.0. The 'Interoperability' tab is selected. The 'Relaxed Refer-To' section is highlighted, showing the configuration for allowing Refer-To headers without angle brackets. Other sections include Loose Routing, Remove Via Headers, Translation Exceptions, Expires Header, and Force Translation.

inGate SIParator Configured by Ingate Startup Tool Version 2.3.0 [Log Out](#)

Administration Basic Configuration Network **SIP Services** SIP Traffic Failover Virtual Private Networks Quality of Service Logging and Tools About

Basic Signaling Encryption Media Encryption **Interoperability** Sessions and Media Remote SIP Connectivity VoIP Survival

Loose Routing [\(Help\)](#)

- Use lr
- Use lr=true

Relaxed Refer-To [\(Help\)](#)

Recommended setting: Only allow Refer-To "?" with angle brackets

- Only allow Refer-To "?" with angle brackets
- Allow Refer-To "?" without angle brackets

Remove Via Headers [\(Help\)](#)

SIP Server		
DNS Name or IP Address	IP Address	Delete
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

rows.

Translation Exceptions [\(Help\)](#)

Except This From Translation		
DNS Name or IP Address	IP Address	Delete
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Delete"/>

rows.

Expires Header [\(Help\)](#)

- Never add Expires header

Force Translation [\(Help\)](#)

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